What is claimed is:

- A method of improving surface properties of cast aluminum alloys comprising:
 providing a molten aluminum alloy;
 contacting a surface of the molten aluminum alloy with a humidified
 atmosphere; and
 solidifying the molten aluminum alloy.
- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the humidified atmosphere has a higher moisture content than a surrounding ambient atmosphere.
- 3. The method of claim 2 wherein the surface of the molten aluminum alloy is subjected to the humidified atmosphere by forcing a humidified gas over the surface of the molten aluminum alloy.
- 4. The method of claim 3 wherein the humidified gas comprises at least one of: air, helium, argon, nitrogen, carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, products of combustion of natural gas or fuel oil, methane, ethane, propane, natural gas, organic fluorine compounds, organic chlorine compounds and organic fluorochloro compounds.
- 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the molten aluminum alloy is solidified by a casting method.
- 6. The method of claim 5 wherein the casting method comprises direct chill casting, electromagnetic casting, horizontal direct chill casting, hot top casting, continuous casting, semi-continuous casting, belt casting, die casting, roll casting, slab casting, sand casting, centrifugal casting, lost foam casting,

- permanent mold casting, plaster casting, pressure die casting and/or vacuum casting.
- 7. The method of claim 6 wherein the casting method is employed at a temperature of between about the solidus temperature of the alloy and about 300°F (149°C) above the liquidus temperature of the alloy.
- 8. The method of claim 6 wherein the casting method is employed at a temperature of between about 50°F (10°C) above the liquidus temperature of the alloy and about 200°F (93°C) above the liquidus temperature of the alloy.
- 9. The method of claim 1 wherein the aluminum alloy comprises at least about 0.1 wt.% magnesium.
- 10. The method of claim 1 wherein the aluminum alloy comprises at least about 0.2 wt.% magnesium.
- 11. The method of claim 1 wherein the aluminum alloy comprises at least about 0.3 wt.% magnesium.
- 12. The method of claim 1 wherein the aluminum alloy is a 1XXX, 2XXX, 3XXX, 4XXX, 5XXX, 6XXX, 7XXX or 8XXX series wrought alloy.
- 13. The method of claim 12 wherein the aluminum alloy is selected from the group of 7050, 7055, 7085, 7150 and 7075.
- 14. The method of claim 12 wherein the aluminum alloy is a 5182, 5086, 5454, 5052 and 5083.

- 15. The method of claim 1 wherein the aluminum alloy is a 100, 200, 300, 400, 500, 600, 700 or 800 series cast alloy.
- 16. The method of claim 1 wherein the aluminum alloy comprises up to about 50 wt.% Mg.
- 17. The method of claim 1 wherein the humidified atmosphere has a moisture content of from about 0.009 kg/m³ to about 0.2 kg/m³.
- 18. The method of claim 1 wherein the humidified atmosphere has a moisture content of from about 0.01 kg/m³ to about 0.07 kg/m³.
- 19. The method of claim 1 wherein the solidified molten aluminum alloy is provided in the form of an ingot.
- 20. The method of claim 19 further comprising working the ingot.
- 21. The method of claim 19 wherein working the ingot comprises at least one of: hot rolling, cold rolling, extruding, forging, drawing, ironing, aging, forming and stretching.
- 22. A method for limiting the growth of surface oxide on aluminum-magnesium alloys comprising:

providing a molten aluminum alloy having at least 0.1 wt.% magnesium; contacting a surface of the molten aluminum with a humidified atmosphere having a moisture content above about 0.005 kg/m³; and solidifying the molten aluminum alloy.

- 23. The method of claim 22 wherein the humid atmosphere has a moisture content of from about 0.009 kg/m³ to about 0.2 kg/m³.
- 24. The method of claim 22 wherein the humid atmosphere has a moisture content of from about 0.01 kg/m³ to about 0.07 kg/m³.
- 25. A cast aluminum-magnesium alloy product comprising at least about 0.1 wt.% Mg, and up to about 50 wt.% Mg, wherein the cast product has a surface oxide layer comprising magnesium oxide, magnesium hydroxide, magnesium oxy/hydroxide, aluminum oxide and/or spinel forms of oxides.
- 26. The alloy of claim 25 wherein the surface oxide layer has a thickness of less than about 8,000 angstroms.
- 27. The alloy of claim 25 wherein the surface oxide layer has a thickness of less than about 5,000 angstroms.
- 28. An apparatus for casting an aluminum alloy comprising:
 - a molten aluminum containment vessel; and
 - a humidified gas injector in flow communication with the containment vessel.